Charge Interactions

Read from Lesson 1 of the Static Electricity chapter at The Physics Classroom:

http://www.physicsclassroom.com/Class/estatics/u8l1c.html

MOP Connection: Static Electricity: sublevel 2

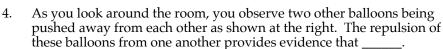
1. I	Review:	Fill in the	following	blanks	with the	word	electrons or	protons
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	are negatively cha	rged and	are
positively charged	 As an object begins to 	gain or lose electrons fr	rom its atoms, it
becomes positivel	y or negatively charged.	A negatively charged	object has more
	than	A positively	charged object has
more	than		,

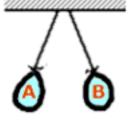
- 2. Charged objects interact with one another. One can observe the interactions and infer information about the type of charge present on an object. Complete the following statements to illustrate your understanding of the three types of charge interactions:
 - a. Oppositely charged objects ______.
 - b. Like-charged objects ______
 - c. A charged object and a neutral object will
- 3. Your physics teacher has prepared the room for the class's entry by suspending several inflated balloons from the ceiling. Upon entering the physics room, you observe two balloons being drawn towards each other as shown at the right. The attraction of these balloons for one another provides evidence that _____.



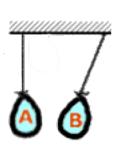
- a. both balloons are charged with the same type of charge
- b. both balloons are charged with the opposite type of charge
- c. both balloons are charged either with the same type or opposite type of charge
- d. only one of the balloons is charged; the other is neutral
- e. at least one of the balloons is charged; the other is either charged or neutral



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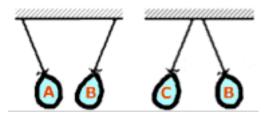


- 5. In one part of the room, there are two balloons one hanging straight down and the other being attracted to it. This is evidence that _____.
 - a. balloon A is charged and balloon B is neutral
 - b. balloon B is charged and balloon A is neutral
 - c. balloon A is neutral and balloon B is negative
 - d. balloon A is neutral and balloon B is positive
 - e. ... nonsense! This would never happen if the balloons are identical and simply suspended by strings. They will attract each other and both be deflected from a vertical orientation.

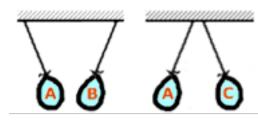


Static Electricity

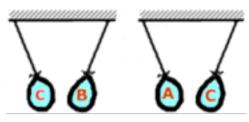
- 6. Anna Litical is performing a physics lab in which she charges a variety of materials and tests to determine their charge by bringing them near a negatively charged balloon and near some neutral paper bits at rest on the table. Help Anna draw conclusions from her observations by entering +, -, neutral (or a combination of these if absolute conclusiveness is not possible).
 - a. Object A is observed to attract the paper bits; object A must be _____
 - b. Object B is observed to attract the balloon; object B must be _____.
 - c. Object C is observed to repel the balloon; object C must be _____.
 - d. Object D is observed to attract both the paper bits and the balloon; object D must be
 - e. Object \boldsymbol{E} is observed to attract the paper bits and repel the balloon; object \boldsymbol{E} must be
- 7. On three occasions, the following charge interactions between balloons A, B and C are observed. In each case, it is known that balloon B is charged negatively. Based on these observations, what can you conclusively confirm about the charge on balloon A and C for each situation.



Balloon	Conclusive evidence to conclude that the charge is +, -, neutral
A	
В	negative
С	



Balloon	Conclusive evidence to conclude that the charge is +, -, neutral
A	
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С	



Balloon	Conclusive evidence to conclude that the charge is +, -, neutral
A	
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С	

8. Jean Yuss is investigating the charge on several objects and makes the following findings.

Object C attracts B

Object D repels C Object E attracts D repels F Object F attracts A

Jean knows that object A is negatively-charged and object B is electrically neutral. What can Jean Yuss definitively conclude about the charge on objects C, D, E, and F? Explain.