

Mass and Weight

Read from **Lesson 2** of the **Newton's Laws** chapter at **The Physics Classroom**:

<http://www.physicsclassroom.com/Class/newtlaws/u2l2b.html#mass>

MOP Connection: Newton's Laws: sublevel 6

- The standard metric unit for mass is _____ and the standard metric unit for weight is _____.
- An object's mass refers to _____ and an object's weight refers to _____. Fill in each blank.
 - the amount of space it takes up
 - the force of gravitational attraction to Earth
 - how dense an object is
 - the amount of stuff present in the object
- Complete the following table showing the relationship between mass and weight.

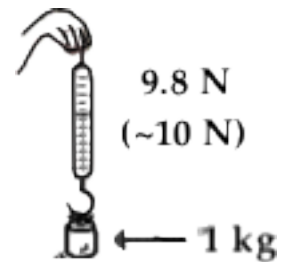
Object	Mass	Approx. Weight
Melon	1 kg	
Apple		~1.0 N
Pat Eatladee	25 kg	

- Different masses are hung on a spring scale calibrated in Newtons.

The force exerted by gravity on 1 kg = ~10 N.

The force exerted by gravity on 5 kg = ~_____ N.

The force exerted by gravity on 70 kg = ~_____ N.



- The value of g in the British system is 32 ft/sec^2 . The unit of force is pounds. The unit of mass is the slug. Use your weight in pounds to calculate your mass in units of slugs. **PSYW**
- You might be wondering about your metric weight. Using conversion factors, convert your weight in pounds to units of N. (Use $1 \text{ N} = 0.22 \text{ pounds}$) **PSYW**
- What is the mass and weight of a 10-kg object on earth?
 Mass = _____ Weight = _____

 What is the mass and weight of a 10-kg object on the moon where the force of gravity is 1/6-th that of the Earth's?
 Mass = _____ Weight = _____
- Conclusion:** The _____ of an object is independent of the object's location in space.